Archaeological Survey, Ballynahaglish Church and Graveyard, Ankail, Co. Kerry

September 2007

Client:

The Heritage Office, Kerry County Council, County Buildings, Ratass, Tralee, Co. Kerry

RMP No.:

KE100-015

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1 Introduction

Ballynahaglish graveyard was surveyed using a Trimble Pro X-H GPS (Figure 1). The survey is linked to GPS and tied into the National Grid. The graveyard plan was produced using Adobe Illustrator. Reference numbers mentioned in the main body of the report relate to the ID point given when the survey was undertaken. A digital photographic record and surname database was also compiled to complement the cartographic survey (Appendices 1-5). Photographs of the features within the graveyard are referenced in the appendix and all photographs are provided on the attached disc.

The survey was undertaken in September 2007.

Townland:	Ankail
Parish:	Kilcrohane
Barony:	Dunkerron South
Local name of graveyard:	Ballynahaglish
NGR:	073390, 066100
RMP No.:	KE100-015
No. of named tombs:	2
No. of unnamed tombs:	1
No. of inscribed headstones:	71
No. of unnamed headstones:	40
No. of unnamed grave-markers:	80
No. of architectural fragments:	0
No. of cross slabs:	0

2 Site Location and Description

Ballynahaglish graveyard is located c. 4km east of Sneem village in south Kerry (Figure 2).

The graveyard is situated in a cul-de-sac, at the end of an uphill third class road which leads to the graveyard from the N70, the main Kenmare-Sneem road.

There is a wide turning area at the graveyard entrance with parking available for a small number of vehicles (Plate 1).

There are extensive views in all directions from the graveyard with the view to the southeast that of Coongar Harbour (Plate 2).

The interior of the graveyard is in poor condition and does not appear to be maintained on a regular basis.

Few of the formal grave settings display signs of regular attendance and upkeep.

Ballynahaglish is recorded in the Record of Monuments and Places (RMP) as KE100-015, classified as ecclesiastical remains, with associated monuments of KE100-015:01 enclosure, KE100-015:02 church site, KE100-015:03 graveyard, KE100-015:04 tomb and KE100-015:05 souterrain (Figure 3).

The church, which is no longer extant, was sited within the existing enclosure while the graveyard subsequently evolved around the church.

The tomb referred to above, KE100-015, is located at the southern side of the graveyard.

No trace of the souterrain KE100-015:05 could be determined during fieldwork for this survey but this is due to the overgrown nature of the graveyard.

The graveyard is determined as at full capacity with only the northern side capable of expansion. However, there is a steep drop from the interior of the graveyard to the surface of the field adjoining its northern side (Plate 3). It is possible that if such an extension was to take place, a separate entrance would have to be created.

Ballynahaglish was recorded was part of The Iveragh Peninsula (O' Sullivan & Sheehan 1996, 252);

"...It consists of a subcircular enclosure containing the site of a church and souterrain...The area enclosed measures 44m N-S x 57.5m E-W. It is delimited by a bank of earth and stone which averages 4m in basal width and varies from 1.7m to 2.4m in external height. The bank is partly overgrown with trees and bushes and is intermittently faced with stone, both internally and externally. This facing appears to be relatively modern in date. A modern entrance to the site is located at S, and for much of its circumference the enclosure is skirted by a trackway. The interior of the site is raised above surrounding ground level and is flush with the top of the enclosing element at w. It features a number of modern tombs and headstones, as well as numerous uninscribed upright slabs. In its SE quadrant is a slab set on edge with a circular depression on its E face; this measures .35m in diameter and .15m deep. The slab stands .55m high and measures .72m long and .22m thick...".

The survey further records the presence of a souterrain associated with the enclosure within the graveyard;

"...The IFC Schools' Collection records that the graveyard 'is full of subterraneous channels'. At N, beside a tomb dated 1890, is a small opening, .4m x .4m, to an inaccessible souterrain. The opening provides a view of an apparently earth-tunnelled passage which extends to W. The entrance to the creepway is visible in the S wall of the passage".

The site of the Church is discussed below.

3 Boundaries

The graveyard is bounded by the earthen banks of the enclosure, KE100-015:01.

The earthen boundaries are in a good state of preservation albeit, overgrown on the interior especially on the west, northeast and south.

A modern sandstone rubble wall set with a concrete mortar is located on the southwestern side (Plate 4).

Widely spaced coping is present on either side of the entrance gate.

The wall is 1m in height and 0.4m in width.

3.1 Recommendation:

The boundaries are very overgrown on the interior and as such, the dense tree and bramble cover should be cut back and removed on the northern and southern boundaries. The western and eastern boundaries would benefit from regular grass cutting and maintenance.

4 Entrance

The modern iron double entrance gates are set between two sandstone piers with no capping (Plate 5).

A simple metal cross is fixed on the top of one of the entrance gates (Plate 5).

A squeeze stile is located to the immediate west of the entrance.

5 Pathways

A formal gravel pathway extends northwards and eastwards from the entrance gate where it forms a roughly circular pathway around the centre of the graveyard (Plate 6). This pathway is occasionally kerbed with sandstone rubble stone.

A number of gravemarkers were also identified forming the boundary of the pathway in places.

5.1 Desire lines:

The graveyard is almost at full capacity. Should the grounds be regularly maintained, and grass length kept to minimum, the graveyard would be navigable albeit with considerable caution.

Initially, the grass would need to be removed/reduced by hand under archaeological guidance and supervision to fully expose the full extent of the burial markers and nature of collapse. Potential desire lines and safe but meandering pathways could then be designed based on an updated plan. This work may require Ministerial Consent.

6 Named Tombs (Appendix 1)

Two named tombs were recorded within the graveyard.

Tomb (ref. no. 37) is an altar type tomb and is located at the southern side of the graveyard. It dates to 1864 and records the death of James Scott and family. A number of adjacent head-stones also bear the surname Scott (Plate 7).

A possible tomb (ref. no. 65) was further identified in the northeastern area of the graveyard (Plate 8). It is extremely overgrown and almost appears to form part of the boundary, given its poor state. A very large grave slab, similar to that forming the cover of the Scott tomb, was lying nearby, having obviously slipped from a height given its position. It recorded the death of Michael Walsh, a Parish Priest, in 1867.

6.1 Recommendations:

The overgrowth in the northern and northeastern areas of the graveyard should be cut back and removed. This will serve to maintain the boundaries of the graveyard as well as the graves within.

The overgrowth by the possible tomb (ref. no. 65) should be cut back and removed under archaeological supervision. Subsequently, it may be possible to reinstate the name slab on top of the tomb.

7 Unnamed tombs (Appendix 2)

An unnamed tomb (ref. no. 41) was sited to the east of the Scott tomb mentioned above (Plate 9).

The tomb recorded in the RMP, KE100-015:04 most likely relates to this tomb.

It is in a poor state of preservation and is completely overgrown with grass and brambles. It is also partially obscured by tree cover.

It appears to be constructed of sandstone rubble stone and is unrendered.

7.1 Recommendation:

The substantial overgrowth on the unnamed tomb (ref. no. 41) should be cut back and removed. The tree cover should also be cut back to allow for greater access to all sides of the tomb.

8 Inscribed Headstones (Appendix 3)

68 inscribed headstones were recorded in the graveyard.

The majority of the named graves are of a modern construct.

The earliest named grave recorded is located on the western side of the graveyard and records the death of Jeremiah O' Shea (ref. no. 28) who died in 1823.

Many of the inscribed headstones are partially obscured by ivy growth. One such headstone was that recording the death of an unknown person with the surname Sullivan (ref. no. 164, Plate 10).

A headstone (ref. no. 208) which, on initial appearances looks like a cross slab (Plate 11), is actually modern in date as it commemorates the death of Abby Coffey in 1911.

Another inscribed headstone (ref. no. 133), recording the death of Timothy Mack in 1879, is completely obscured by a modern cultivated hedging plant.

A box-grave (ref. no. 179) was recorded at the northern side of the graveyard and records the death of Alexander Roulston Foster 1890-1972 (Plate 12). It measured *c*. 0.5m by 0.4m. It is possible that it contains a cremation burial given its small size. Internet based research uncovered that Alexander Roulston Foster was born in Derry and was an acclaimed Irish international rugby player, who captained Ireland three times and played for the British and Irish Lions team which toured South Africa in 1910 (www. ulsterbiography.co.uk).

8.1 Recommendations:

The ivy growth should be cut back and removed from the ivy covered headstones. The exposed names can then be recorded to provide a complete record for the graveyard. The modern cultivated plant obscuring headstone no. 133 should be cut back and removed.

9 Unnamed Headstones (Appendix 4)

34 unnamed headstones were recorded within the graveyard.

The unnamed graves are mainly composed of 19th century headstones from which the engraving has eroded, and or modern graves which are without a headstone or the information card on the temporary metal cross has faded over time and is no longer legible.

It also refers to headstones which have been completely overgrown with ivy but the inscription may still survive beneath the growth. The majority of these headstones were located in the north and northeastern areas of the graveyard where those in the latter area further hidden by tree growth.

One grave plot (ref. no. 195) was very dangerous as it had collapsed to 0.6m below present ground surface (Plate 13). The associated headstone was completely covered in ivy. Unnamed

9.1 Recommendations:

The tree cover in the northeastern area should be cut back to expose the graves and headstones which are currently inaccessible.

The ivy growth should be cut back and removed from the overgrown headstones under archaeological supervision. The exposed names can then be recorded to help provide a complete record for the graveyard.

10 Unnamed Gravemarkers (Appendix 4)

72 gravemarkers were recorded within the graveyard.

Given the overgrown nature of the grounds, many of the gravemarkers were discovered only when the surveyor/archaeologist fell over them.

The unhewn sandstone grave-markers are identifiable as a rubble stone or roughly rectangular stone completely devoid of any inscription or decoration.

They are generally low set and rise above the ground surface for an average 0.3m. Occasionally, a distinguishing feature of these stones is a semi-circular concave shape cut into the stone, often at the top of the stone.

An unusual stone (ref. no. 117) which appears to function to as a gravemarker is located in the southeastern area of the graveyard. The large circular stone has a central hollow which has worn through and appears to be man made (Plate 14).

10.1 Recommendations:

Regular grass cutting should ensure that the gravemarkers become exposed and visible, and thus make the graveyard a safer place to traverse.

However, initially the grass would need to be removed/reduced by hand under archaeological guidance and supervision to fully expose the full extent of the burial markers and nature of collapse. This work may require Ministerial Consent.

11 Dangerous areas of ground or collapse

The vast majority of the graveyard interior could be classified as dangerous.

It is very overgrown in places, obscuring small gravemarkers which are only identifiable by falling over them.

With the exception of those areas immediately adjacent to the formal pathway, the remainder of interior requires careful navigation of the overgrown ground.

One grave (ref. no. 194) has collapsed to a depth of 0.6m from the present ground surface and as the surrounding area is covered with long grass, this grave is very dangerous (Plate 13).

11.1 Recommendations:

The grass would need to be removed/reduced by hand under archaeological guidance and supervision to fully expose the full extent of the burial markers and nature of collapse. Potential desire lines and safe but meandering pathways could then be designed based on an updated plan. This work may require Ministerial Consent

The overgrowth surrounding grave ref. no. 194 should be cut back and removed with a covering grave slab then laid down.

12 Description of buildings within Ballynahaglish graveyard

Ballynahaglish was recorded as part of The Iveragh Peninsula (O' Sullivan & Sheehan 1996, 252);

"...A small rectangular church, marked 'in ruins' on the first edition of the OS map (Figure 4), was located close to the E boundary of the enclosure. Its longer axis was aligned roughly WNW-ESE. The church is marked only as 'site of' on the second edition. All that is now evident at this location is a rectangular depression, 5.5m N-S x 4.6m E-W, defined by a low stony bank. The bank averages 1.4m wide and stands to an external height of .5m at N. Burials occupy the interior of the depression..."

While a roughly rectangular depression could be determined on the ground in 2007, no evidence was seen of a *low stony bank* (Plate 15). However, it may have been levelled in the intervening years.

13 Summary of recommendations for future management/conservation of Ballynahaglish graveyard

- The overgrowth on the interior of the northern and southern boundaries should be cut back and removed.
- The western and eastern boundaries would benefit from regular grass cutting and maintenance.
- The overgrowth by the possible tomb (ref. no. 65) in the northeastern area of the graveyard should be cut back and removed under archaeological supervision. Subsequently, it may be possible to reinstate the name slab on top of the tomb in a sensitive manner.
- The tree cover in the northeastern corner of the graveyard should be cut back to expose the graves and headstones which are currently inaccessible.
- The substantial overgrowth on the unnamed tomb (ref. no. 41) in the southern area of the graveyard should be cut back and removed, and the tomb repaired sensitive to its original construction. The tree cover should also be cut back to allow for greater access to all sides of the tomb.
- The ivy growth should be cut back and removed from the overgrown headstones. The exposed names can then be recorded to help provide a complete record for the graveyard.
- Regular grass cutting should ensure that the gravemarkers become exposed and visible, and thus make the graveyard a safer place to traverse. The grass would need to be removed/reduced by hand under archaeological guidance and supervision to fully expose the full extent of the burial markers and nature of collapse. This work may require Ministerial Consent.
- The overgrowth surrounding grave ref. no. 194 should be cut back and removed. A covering slab should be placed on the grave.
- Refuse disposal facilities, which do not currently exist at the graveyard, should be provided as soon as possible.
- A water tap should also be installed.
- The use of broad spectrum weedkillers, used for maintaining the grounds of the graveyards, is not deemed acceptable and should be discouraged.
- An information board similar to one already existing at Killury graveyard, in Lissycurrig townland near Causeway, should be established at a suitable location within the graveyard, most likely to the east of the entrance gate on its interior.
- *The Care and Conservation of Graveyards*, a publication from The Office of Public Works (OPW) is recommended reading for future maintenance of the church and graveyard.

- An informative booklet on Ballynahaglish graveyard should be compiled by Kerry County Council and supplied to the relevant parish church. It should include helpful tips for parishioners on caring for the graveyard, and the individual plots, as well as giving advice about works which may professional services such as the cleaning of old headstones etc.
- All primary ground works should be archaeologically monitored and all features recorded and protected.
- No conservation restoration works should be undertaken without an additional comprehensive individual report based on the results of invasive archaeological and architectural investigation specific to Brosna Graveyard.

Note on Recommendations

All recommendations as set out above are recommendations only based on visual site fieldwork undertaken by the writer. No invasive or other intervention work was undertaken in the course of producing this report. Ultimately, no responsibility will be accepted by the writer with regard to the undertaking of the conservation work as recommended in this report and based only on visual inspection. The ultimate decision on recommendations etc rests with Kerry County Council.

14 References

- Condit, E (ed). 1987. *Recording the Past from Ancient Churchyards and Other Sources*. Wordwell Ltd., Dublin 2.
- Fitzpatrick, E (ed). 1995. *The Care and Conservation of Graveyards*. Stationary Office, Dublin.

O'Sullivan, A & Sheehan, J. 1996. The Iveragh Peninsula. Cork University Press, Cork.

15 Figures

Figure 1: Plan of Ballynahaglish Graveyard 2007.

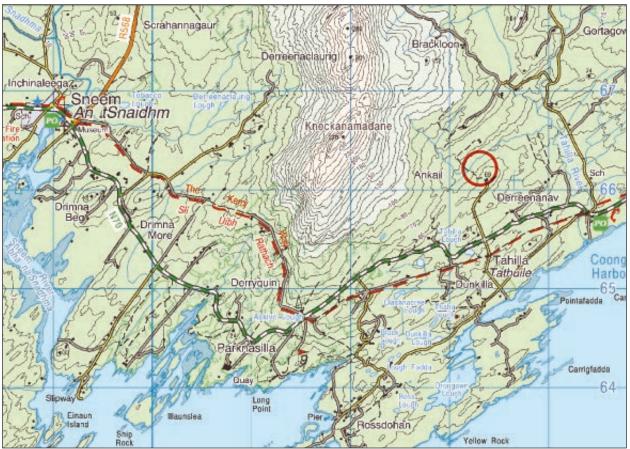


Figure 2: Extract from OS Discovery Series with location of Ballynahaglish graveyard encircled in red.

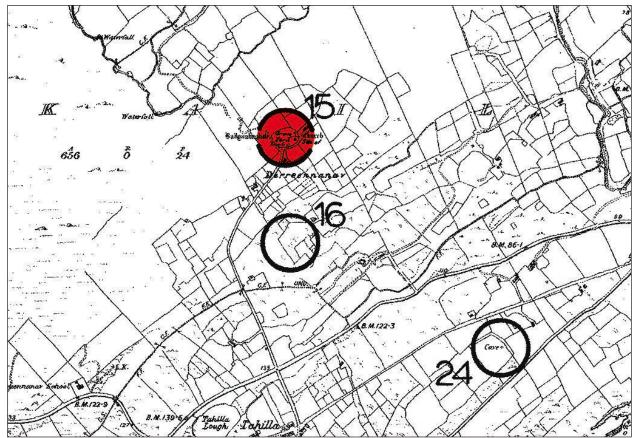


Figure 3: Extract from RMP Sheet 100 with Ballynahaglish graveyard highlighted in red.

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Figure 4: Extract from 1st edition OS map 1842 Sheet 100.

16 Plates



Plate 1: View of approach road to graveyard with parking and turning area for vehicles also visible, taken from north



Plate 2: Views to the southeast of the graveyard, taken from northwest

Plate 3: View of northern boundary wall, taken from north





Plate 4: View of southern entrance to graveyard, taken from south



Plate 5: View of entrance gate to graveyard, taken from southwest



Plate 6: View of formal pathway extending from entrance gate, taken from south



Plate 7: View of Scott family tomb, taken from north



Plate 8: View of very overgrown tomb in northeastern area of graveyard, taken from east



Plate 9: View of overgrown unnamed tomb at southern extent of graveyard, taken from north



Plate 10: View of overgrown headstones within the graveyard, taken from northeast



Plate 11: View of modern cross slab recording the death of Abby Coffey in 1911, taken from east



Plate 12: View of Alexander Roulston Foster box-tomb

Plate 13: View of dangerous, sunken grave (ref. no. 195) taken from northeast

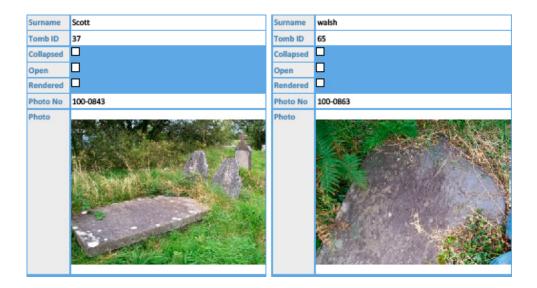


Plate 14: View of circular stone with possible man-made depression, taken from east



Plate 15: View of possible location for church visible on 1st edition OS map 1842 (Figure 3), taken from north

17 Appendix 1 Named Tombs



18 Appendix 2 Unnamed Tombs

Tomb ID	41
Collapsed	
Open	
Rendered	
Notes	
Photo No	100-0849 & 0850
Photo	

19 Appendix 3 Inscribed Headstones

Surname	aldworth	Surname	bennett	Surname	breen
Grave No	14	Grave No	99	Grave No	216
Photo No	100-0829	Photo No	100-0884	Photo No	100-0938
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	burns	Surname	burns	Surname	burns
Grave No	91	Grave No	222	Grave No	221
Photo No	100-0878	Photo No	100-0941	Photo No	100-0941
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	clifford	Surname	coffey	Surname	courtney
Grave No	46	Grave No	208	Grave No	5
Photo No	100-0853	Photo No	100-0935	Photo No	100-0823
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	downing	Surname	downing	Surname	doyle
Grave No	21	Grave No	15	Grave No	126
Photo No	100-0833	Photo No	100-0830	Photo No	100-0897
Photo		Photo		Photo	

Surname	egar	Surname	finnegan	Surname	fitzgerald
Grave No	32	Grave No	199	Grave No	96
Photo No	100-0840	Photo No	100-0929	Photo No	100-0882
Photo	EGAR	Photo		Photo	
Surname	flynn	Surname	flynn	Surname	flynn
Grave No	95	Grave No	108	Grave No	105
Photo No	100-0881	Photo No	100-0890	Photo No	100-0887
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	foley	Surname	foley	Surname	foster
Grave No	205	Grave No	34	Grave No	179
Photo No	100-0933	Photo No	100-0842	Photo No	100-0918
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	gleeson	Surname	Illegible	Surname	Illegible
Grave No	54	Grave No	64	Grave No	107
Photo No	100-0854	Photo No	100-0860	Photo No	100-0889
Photo		Photo		Photo	

Surname	Illegible	Surname	Illegible	Surname	Illegible
Grave No	97	Grave No	189	Grave No	125
Photo No	100-0883	Photo No	100-0923	Photo No	100-0896
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	Illegible	Surname	kelly	Surname	kelly & o sullivan
Grave No	210	Grave No	1	Grave No	132
Photo No	100-0936	Photo No	100-0820	Photo No	100-0899
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	kiely	Surname	lane	Surname	letanneur
Grave No	116	Grave No	74	Grave No	226
Photo No	100-0892	Photo No	100-0868	Photo No	100-0944
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	lynch	Surname	mack	Surname	mccarthy
Grave No	106	Grave No	133	Grave No	82
Photo No	100-0888	Photo No	100-0900	Photo No	100-0871
Photo		Photo		Photo	

Surname	mccarthy	Surname	mccarthy	Surname	nash
Grave No	128	Grave No	83	Grave No	235
Photo No	100-0898	Photo No	100-0872	Photo No	100-0947
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	nash	Surname	nash	Surname	o connor
Grave No	234	Grave No	233	Grave No	13
Photo No	100-0947	Photo No	100-0947	Photo No	
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	o connor	Surname	o halloran	Surname	o neill
Grave No	184	Grave No	140	Grave No	174
Photo No	100-0921	Photo No	100-0906	Photo No	100-0917
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	o neill	Surname	o neill	Surname	o shea
Grave No	180	Grave No	3	Grave No	28
Photo No	100-0919	Photo No	100-0821	Photo No	100-0838
Photo		Photo		Photo	

Surname	o shea	Surname	o shea	Surname	o shea
Grave No	137	Grave No	202	Grave No	206
Photo No	100-0903	Photo No	100-0931	Photo No	100-0934
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	o shea	Surname	o shea	Surname	o shea
Grave No	151	Grave No	150	Grave No	149
Photo No	100-0908	Photo No	100-0908	Photo No	100-0908
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	o sullivan	Surname	o sullivan	Surname	o sullivan
Grave No	62	Grave No	218	Grave No	197
Photo No	100-0858	Photo No	100-0939	Photo No	100-0928
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	o sullivan	Surname	o sullivan	Surname	o sullivan
Grave No	43	Grave No	61	Grave No	23
Photo No	100-0851	Photo No	100-0856	Photo No	100-0835
Photo		Photo		Photo	

Surname	o sullivan	Surname	o sullivan	Surname	o sullivan
Grave No	155	Grave No	156	Grave No	84
Photo No Photo	100-0909	Photo No Photo	100-0909	Photo No Photo	100-0873
Surname	o sullivan	Surname	o sullivan	Surname	o sullivan
Grave No	86	Grave No	87	Grave No	69
Photo No	100-0875	Photo No	100-0875	Photo No	100-0866
Photo		Photo		Photo	The second se
Surname	o sullivan	Surname	overgrown	Surname	overgrown
Grave No	160	Grave No	163	Grave No	162
Photo No	100-0910	Photo No	100-0912	Photo No	100-0912
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	scott	Surname	scott	Surname	shea
Grave No	40	Grave No	39	Grave No	93
Photo No	100-0847	Photo No	100-0847	Photo No	100-0879
Photo		Photo		Photo	

Surname	sheehan	Surname	sheehan	Surname	sheehan
Grave No	178	Grave No	224	Grave No	228
Photo No	100-0916	Photo No	100-0942	Photo No	100-0945
Photo		Photo		Photo	t
Surname	sheehan	Surname	sughrue	Surname	sullivan
Grave No	177	Grave No	30	Grave No	214
Photo No	100-0916	Photo No	100-0839	Photo No	100-0937
Photo		Photo		Photo	
Surname	sullivan				
Grave No	164				
Photo No	100-0912				
Photo					

20 Appendix 4 Unnamed Headstones and Gravemarkers

rave No.	Notes	Photo No.
4	grave marker	
6	IHS	100-0824
9	grave marker	
10	grave marker	
11		100-0826
12	grave marker	100-0827
	grave marker	100-0831
	grave marker	100-0831
	grave marker	
	grave marker	
	grave marker	100-0834
24		100-0836
25		100-0837
	grave marker	
	grave marker	100-0852
	grave marker	
	grave marker	
	grave marker	100-0854
	grave marker	
58		100-0855
59		100-0857
59		100-0057

ve No.	Notes	Photo No.
63	grave marker	100-0859
66	steel cross	100-0862
71	grave marker	
72	overgrown	100-0867
73	grave marker	
75	grave marker	
76	grave marker	
77	overgrown	100-0869
78	grave marker	
79	grave marker	
80	overgrown	100-0870
88		100-0876
89	overgrown	100-0877
90	overgrown	100-0877
94	overgrown	100-0880
98	grave marker	
103	grave marker	
104	grave marker	
109		100-0890
110	grave marker	
111	grave marker	
113	grave marker	100-0891
114	grave marker	
115	grave marker	
118	grave marker	
119		100-0895
120	grave marker	
122	grave marker	
123	grave marker	
124	grave marker	
127	grave marker	
130	grave marker	
134		100-0901
135	grave marker	100-0902

Grave No.	Notes	Photo No.
138	grave marker	
139	grave marker	
141	grave marker	100-0907
142	grave marker	
143	grave marker	
144	grave marker	
145	grave marker	
146	grave marker	
147	grave marker	
152	grave marker	
	grave marker	
	grave marker	
	grave marker	
158	grave marker	
	grave marker	
	steel cross	100-0911
	overgrown	100-0913
	grave marker	
	grave marker	
	overgrown	100-0914
	grave marker	
	grave marker	
	grave marker	
173		100-0915
182		100-0920
183		100-0920
	overgrown	100-0922
	overgrown	100-0922
	grave marker	
	grave marker	
	overgrown	100-0924
	overgrown	100-0925
	overgrown	100-0925
	overgrown	100-0926

Grave No.	Notes	Photo No.
200	back	100-0930
204	grave marker	
209	grave marker	
211	grave marker	
212	grave marker	
213	grave marker	
219		100-0940
225	grave marker	
230	grave marker	
231	grave marker	100-0946

21 Appendix 5 Footstones

ID No.	19	ID No.	172
Photo No.	1	Photo No.	1
Photo		Photo	
Notes	relating to downing 100- 0832	Notes	relating to no name 100- 0915
ID No.	195	ID No.	229
Photo No.	1	Photo No.	0
Photo		Photo	
Notes	relating to overgrown 100- 0926	Notes	relating to sheehan