Archaeological Survey, Ballyduff, Dingle Peninsula, Co. Kerry.



September 2010

Client: The Heritage Office,

> Kerry County Council, County Buildings,

Ratass, Tralee, Co. Kerry.

RMP No.: KE036-066 graveyard

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## **Table of Contents**

Introduction	2
Site Location & Description	3
Ballyduff Graveyard	4
Entrance	5
Boundaries	5
Pathways	6
Named Tombs	7
Unnamed tombs	7
Lintelled graves	8
Named Headstones	9
Unnamed Headstones	9
Architectural fragments	9
Conclusions	10
Summary of recommendations for future management/conservation of Ballyduff graveyard	11
References	13
Figures	15
Plates	20
Appendix 1 Named Tombs	35
Appendix 2 Unnamed Tombs	36
Appendix 3 Lintelled Graves	41
Appendix 4 Named Headstones	42
Appendix 5 Unnamed Headstones	50
Appendix 6 Architectural Fragments	53

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List of Figures Figure 1: Site location map. Extract from OS Discovery series 1: 50,000, sheet 70	15
Figure 2: Ortho-image extract from National Monuments Service online database of recorded monuments.	16
Figure 3: Extract from OS 1st Edition 1841 map, sheet 036.	17
Figure 4: Extract from OS 2nd Edition 25" 1896, sheet.	18
Figure 5: Archaeological survey plan of Ballyduff Graveyard, 2010.	19
List of Plates  Plate 1: View of modern section of Ballyduff Graveyard from south.  Note Mount Brandon in background	20
Plate 2: View from east of interior of north western limits of the old medieval burial ground of Ballyduff. Note Mount Brandon in background	20
<b>Plate 3:</b> View of eastern limits of the interior of the medieval burial ground at Ballyduff. The varying state of disrepair of the tombs and open lintelled graves	21
Plate 4: View of collapsed unnamed tomb 10 at Ballyduff Graveyard	21
Plate 5: View of the O'Connor tomb 32 at Ballyduff Grave yard	22
Plate 6: View of the partially collapsed Moynihan tomb 55 in Ballyduff Graveyard	22
Plate 7: View from SE of unmanaged, overgrown area at NW area of Ballyduff Graveyard	23
<b>Plate 8:</b> View of the headstone in memory of Mary O'Connor-Rohan who died on the 22nd December 1874 aged 28. This is the only headstone (56) and modern formalised grave setting in the old section of Ballyduff Graveyard and also the oldest inscribed memorial in Ballyduff	23
Plate 9: View of the carparking area and approach to the entrance of Ballyduff Graveyard from N	22
Plate 10: Exterior view of entrance gates, squeeze-stile and walls of modern section of Ballyduff Graveyard	24
Plate 11: View of unused NW limits of modern section of Ballyduff Church	25
Plate 12: View from E of graveled pathway and rubble stone wall separating the modern section of Ballyduff Graveyard from the old medieval burial ground	25
Plate 13: View of step-stile midway along rubble stone wall enclosing old section of Ballyduff Graveyard	20
Plate 14: View of breach in W limits of rubble stone wall separating modern burial ground from old. The breach now forms an ad hoc entrance gap	20
Plate 15: View of E limits of rubble boundary wall at Ballyduff.  Note soldier capping, some of which have been robbed out	27
Plate 16: View of vehicular graveled pathway immediately inside gates of modern section of Ballyduff Graveyard	27

28
28
29
29
30
30
31
31
32
32
33
33
34
34

Townland: Ballyduff Parish: Ballyduff Barony: Corca Dhuibhne Local name of graveyard: Ballyduff XY Co-ords: E454000, N610134 RMP No.: KE036-066 Church & graveyard No. of named tombs: 2 No. of unnamed tombs: 26 No. of lintelled graves 26 No. of named headstones: 89 No. of unnamed headstones: 108

No. of architectural fragments: 43

#### 1. Introduction

Ballyduff Church and Graveyard was surveyed using a Magellan ProMark 3 Rover and Base station (Plate 1) and presented in Irish Transverse Mercator (ITM). The GPS grave-yard survey datasets were exported using Hangle software from GPS Ireland and then exported into AutoCAD and finished using Adobe Illustrator. Reference numbers mentioned in the main body of the report relate to the ID point given when the survey was undertaken (see A3 plan, Figure 4). A digital photographic record and surname database was also compiled to complement the cartographic survey (Appendix 1). Digital photographs of the features within the graveyard are referenced in the appendix and all photographs are provided on the attached disc.

The survey was undertaken with due regard to:

- Conservation principles as produced by ICOMOS in the Venice and Burra Charters
- The publication in 2004 of the Architectural Heritage Protection-Guidelines for Planners by the DoEHLG
- The heritage objectives as outlined and adopted in the current Kerry County Council Development Plan 2009-2015, Built Heritage (Chapter 10).

The Convention for the Protection of the Architectural Heritage of Europe was signed at the Granada Convention in 1985 and ratified by Ireland in 1997. The conservation aims as stated in the Burra Charter are for the retention or restoration of historical significance with the minimum of physical intervention and that such intervention work be reversible, maintain the structure's character and setting and that all conservation works should be undertaken following comprehensive research.

An information booklet on care and maintenance for tombs should be compiled and supplied to the relevant parish church.

All of these graveyards are recorded monuments protected under the National Monuments (Amendment) Act 1994 and under the jurisdiction of Kerry County Council. All proposed works should be carried out by experience competent personnel under expert archaeological / architectural guidance and supervision. As these sites are recorded monuments conservation and restoration works can only be carried out under licence from the National Monuments Service of the Dept. of Environment, Heritage and Local Gov.

## 2. Site Location & Description

Ballyduff Church and Graveyard is situated on the N side of the Dingle Peninsula and 10km west of the Castlegregory and 14.5km NE of Dingle (Figure 1 & Plates 1 & 2).

Ballyduff Church and Graveyard is a protected site, recorded in the Record of Monuments and Places (RMP, KE036-066). The bare outline of the basal courses of part of the south and east wall of the church were discovered and recorded in the course of this survey for the first time (Figure 5). The S wall is 1.05m thick and extends from the SE corner W for 11.3m while another *in situ* stone of the S elevation still survives a further 4.7m away to the W. The E gable is also partially exposed for a distance of 7.3m and is 1.3m in thickness.

A record from 1615 records that 'Ballyduffe, psonadge is Sir R. Boyle's gift, waste worth nothing' (Hickson 1874, 29).

There is no mention of the parish church of Ballyduff by Charles Smith in his chapter on the state of all the parishes in 1756.

An account of Ballyduff by Lewis in 1837 records 'The living is an impropriate curacy, in the diocese of Ardfert and Aghadoe, the rectory being wholly impropriate in the Earl of Cork; the tithes amount to £55, payable to the impropriator, out of which £10 per annum is allowed for the discharge of the clerical duties. There are some ruins of the church in the ancient burial-ground, near which is a small glebe.' (Lewis 1837, 133).

The tiny sub-circular graveyard of Ballyduff including the site of the rectangular church and its associated glebe land is denoted on the 1<sup>st</sup> Ed. OS map, sheet 36 of 1841 (Figure 3).

John O'Donovan, writing in August 1841, records 'No part of the old church of this parish now remains, but its graveyard is shown in the north end of the townland of Ballyduff' (O'Donovan 1983, 111).

A few years later Richard Hitchcock visited Balyduff and noted 'There are now no traces of the ancient Church which once stood within the graveyard of Ballyduff' (Hitchcock 1849-50).

By 1896 the graveyard had become only slightly extended to the south and its enclosing walls were now more angular and defined (Figure 4).

Today, Ballyduff has a new burial ground abutting the old one at the SE. This new section was once the unenclosed triangular village green of Ballyduff (Figure 3).

## 3. Ballyduff Graveyard

#### 3.1 General

The roadway approach to the graveyard of Ballyduff comprises a short and narrow slip road to S from the R550 Conor Hill road to Dingle (Figure 1).

The graveyard at Ballyduff comprises an old medieval burial ground and a new modern section attached at the S (Figure 5).

The new graveyard section was opened possibly in the early 1950's as the two earliest graves recorded there date to 1953. The new graveyard is well ordered neat and easily negotiated throughout along a network of pathways. All of the graves settings and headstones are in good condition.

The old medieval burial ground has no pathways and is in a very poor state of repair with virtually every one of the twenty-five tombs recorded there in a poor dilapidated state of repair. Many of the tombs are either collapsed or partially collapsed and all, bar two, lack any named memorial plaque (Plates 3-6). Furthermore, within the old burial ground there are a number of exposed lintelled graves, several of which are open and collapsed. The old graveyard is studded with one hundred and eight small unnamed gravemarkers, architectural fragments and loose stones throughout. Allied to this the ground is mossy and appears to have been cleared of its vegetation in the past few years as the remains of dead bushes are present in large areas throughout. Growth has re-established itself at the NW corner of the old burial ground which has also become the area for dumping of cuttings and other material (Plate 7). Negotiation around the old medieval graveyard is

achieved with difficulty as there are no formal or informal paths (Plate 2).

Preferential burial in above ground tombs is a common feature in several graveyards in West Kerry and while this appears to be a tradition the more practical reason for it is that the burial ground is stony and rocky and often impossible to dig. However, in the case of Ballyduff it is likely to be tradition rather than ground conditions.

There is only one named headstone with formalised grave setting in the old burial ground at Ballyduff (Plate 8).

## 4. Entrance

Ample carparking is available immediately in front of the new section of the graveyard (Plate 9). The entrance comprises two modern black painted iron gates set between two square capped and rendered piers in very good order with a simple squeeze-stile immediately beside the right hand or E pier (Plate 10 & Figure 5).

No water or waste collection or storage facilities are provided.

## 5. Boundaries

The new modern graveyard at Ballyduff is enclosed by a concrete block wall in good order, built in piered sections and finished with a dash render along its N and E sides. Its W boundary comprises a mature tree lined earthen bank with a deep open drain. Other mature trees straddle the corner of the carpark at the interface angle between the old and new burial grounds. The modern section of Ballyduff Graveyard is not full.

The old medieval section of Ballyduff Graveyard is bounded by a low (0.8m - 1.0m) random rubble wall of local sandstone bedded in mortar and capped with 'soldiers' a NE-SW section of which now separates the old burial ground from the new (Plate 12). A stepstile provides able bodied access into the old burial ground (Plate 13). Otherwise access is gained through a ragged breach at the W end of the separating old boundary wall that is difficult and uneven underfoot (Plate 14). Several sections of the old boundary wall are in rag order especially at the W and NW corner. Several of the capping soldiers along the dividing boundary wall have also been robbed out (Plate 15).

#### 5.1 Recommendations

The old rubble stone boundary wall should be sensitively repaired with similar local sandstone and lime mortar and its soldier capping replaced. This work should only be undertaken under archaeological supervision and by masons with a proven track record of repairing and restoring similar historic walls. A

A more efficient simple pedestrian entrance should be inserted in the separating old boundary wall and the current ad hoc breach repaired.

## 6. Pathways

Immediately inside the entrance gates a vehicular gravelled accessway bisects the modern graveyard in an NE-SW direction while a gravelled pathway extends around the internal perimeter (Plates 12 & 16 & Figure 5). The well laid out new graveyard section is amply served with several other spur paths both gravelled and informal throughout its interior.

Inside the old medieval graveyard there are no paths, formal or informal. Negotiation around and through the old burial ground is extremely dangerous as the ground is very uneven and bumpy due to very old burials, tombs and gravemarkers. Furthermore, there are many exposed, partially open and collapsed lintelled graves as well as numerous small unhewn gravemarkers. The difficulty of negotiating the graveyard is also hampered by mossy conditions that make it slippery underfoot.

#### 6.1 Recommendations

The new section of Ballyduff Graveyard requires no additional pathways.

The old medieval section of Ballyduff requires a network of narrow pathways to access the interior of this graveyard labyrinth. These new pathways should be narrow and follow the routes of least physical resistance. The layout, definition, construction of new paths within the old burial ground at Ballyduff should only be undertaken by experienced personnel under the full time strict supervision and guidance of an experienced licensed archaeologist as the site is littered with ancient remains and full of tombs and lintelled graves.

#### 7. Named Tombs

Only two named tombs, 32 and 55, were recorded of which one is only partially legible (32-Moynihan) while the other plaque simply reads *O'Connor, Kilcummin Beg* (Plates 5, 6 and 17, Appendix 1 & Figure 5). Both tombs are of the strong-box type and are in poor state of preservation, particularly the Moynihan tomb (55) where many of its basal stones have been robbed out or fallen. Furthermore, examination of its fabric discovered a large dressed architectural fragment (291) from the medieval church of Ballyduff (Plate 18 & Figure 5 and Appendix 6).

#### 7.1 Recommendations

The tombs should be repaired and restored. The O'Connor tomb (32) is in better repair, however, the render on its haunches in particular is in a poor state and needs to be rerendered. More substantial repairs to the physical fabric of the Moynihan tomb (55) are required and if they are not undertaken soon it is likely to fully collapse. Repairs to both tombs should be undertaken by experienced masons with a proven track record of working on historic structures and in the use of lime mortar etc. This work should only be carried out under expert archaeological advice and supervision as it is most likely that other architectural fragments from the medieval church of Ballyduff are incorporated within the tombs (see Unnamed Tombs section below).

## 8. Unnamed tombs

Twenty-three unnamed tombs (Appendix 2 & Figure 5) were recorded in various states of disrepair (Plate 3). Many are totally collapsed or partially collapsed and open (Plates 4 & 19). Others are only manifest as moss covered stony mounds, (Plate 20). There is not a single tomb that doesn't require work!

The tombs are mainly house-shaped or upturned-boat style while a few are of the strong-box variety.

#### 8.1 Recommendations

There is an enormous amount of specialist work required to preserve, repair and restore these unnamed tombs at Ballyduff. However, several will require careful rebuilding and important repairs are required of others to close them off. Indeed there is some question as to some tombs if they are viable at all and that maybe they should or could not be refurbished. As these old tomb are built of local red sandstone it will be necessary to repair them with similar material and seal open tombs with sandstone flags.

Grass and moss covering some of the tombs should only be fully removed as the primary element of an agreed inclusive strategy of repairs and other conservation and restoration works. Tombs that are fully covered in grass should be cut back for further evaluation to determine the nature and extent of further conservation / restoration works. This work should be undertaken with expert archaeological advice and guidance.

It is possible that local information would furnish some of the names associated with these unnamed tombs. This information should be collected and entered into the database.

## 9. Lintelled graves

There are 26 lintelled graves dispersed around the old burial ground partially exposed, open or collapsed (Plate 21; Appendix 3 & Figure 5). Many of them are marked with unhewn unnamed headstones, medieval architectural fragments and archaeological artefacts (Plate 22 & see below).

#### 9.1 Recommendations

The exposed lintelled graves should be repaired properly by masons experienced in historic structures under archaeological expert advice and supervision. The graves should then be covered with earth, re-sodded or re-seeded. The unhewn grave markers should be left *in situ*. This will preserve the graves and make the graveyard easier to negotiate.

#### Named Headstones

There were eighty-nine named and legible headstones recorded at Ballyduff graveyard associated with formal grave settings (Appendix 4, Figure 5 & Plate 1). All the headstones are in good condition and all bar grave 56 (Plate 8) are within the new burial ground.

#### 10.1 Recommendations

No recommendations are required.

#### 11. Unnamed Headstones

There were one hundred and eight unnamed headstones (HWN & Appendix 5) in total recorded in the course of this survey. All of the unnamed headstones are simple grave markers of unhewn local sandstone and are disposed around the entirety of the old burial ground (Figure 5). Some of them mark a number of lintelled graves that are partially exposed on the surface especially around the south side of the ruined church (Plates 22-23). There is a marked concentration at the extreme N corner of the old burial graveyard that may reflect a famine burial area (Figure 5).

#### 11.1 Recommendations

No recommendations required.

## 12. Architectural fragments

Forty three architectural fragments were recorded, (Appendix 6, Figure 5). Many of which have been re-used in tomb construction while four fragments (268-271) were reused as a grave setting near the remains of the medieval church and the remainder used as headstones for lintelled and other graves (Plates 18 & 22). Some lie loose on the ground (Plates 24-25). Two of the fragments (251 and 254) are mentioned hereunder.

Ten architectural fragments are visible in tomb 46 alone. A group of four (263 a, b, c, d) form part of the north side of the tomb (Plate 26), while three others (260, 261 & 262) are built into and beside the east gable of tomb 46 (Plate 27 & Figure 5). Three others are

partially visible at the SW corner of the tomb (Plate 28).

The medieval architectural fragments are all of local red sandstone, predominantly squared dressed building stones of which some are most likely quoins. Others are more difficult to assign to particular elements of the features of the church as not enough of them are visible in their current reused context within the fabric of the tombs (Plate 27).

Possibly the most definitive and finely carved architectural fragments is the head of a very fine ogee window (251) reused as a gravemarker at the E side of the old burial ground in front of lintelled grave 469 (Figure 5 & Plate 28). The ogee window head dates from the 15<sup>th</sup> century. Another of the architectural fragments is a complete Holy Water stoup (254) reused as a burial marker on lintelled grave 457 within the E limits of the ruined medieval church (Plate 29 & Figure 5). Preliminary examination suggests that it is of the projecting basin type and not intra-mural.

#### 12.1 Recommendations

The collapsed loose *ex situ* architectural fragments should be collected and removed to the Kerry County Museum for safe keeping storage and individual recording.

The stoup (254) and the ogee head (251) are barely set in loose earth and easily moved. They should be fully recorded, illustrated and placed in the Kerry County Museum for safe keeping.

## 13. Conclusions

The old medieval burial ground at Ballyduff is in a particularly poor and neglected condition throughout. Many of the tombs and lintelled graves are open, collapsed or partially collapsed and overgrown. Furthermore there are loose rubble stones strewn around everywhere Archaeologically, however, the old medieval burial ground is very rich and intact as it contains many of the fragments of the medieval church as well as a coherent section of part of the basal remains of the church itself that had, hitherto, never been seen or recorded. Furthermore, as no recent burials have taken place there, the old burial ground is somewhat unique in that there is only one inscribed headstone (Rohan) for the 18<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup>

or 20<sup>th</sup> centuries. It would appear that burials between the 18<sup>th</sup> century and 1953 were interred, either in unnamed tombs and graves or alternatively in other nearby graveyards at Cloghane, Killiney or Stradbally. Ultimately, any potential refurbishment, restoration or conservation works should only be undertaken professionally under the strict supervision, on a daily basis, of an experienced licensed archaeologist.

# 14. Summary of recommendations for future management/conservation of Ballyduff graveyard

- A comprehensive targeted, staged and costed conservation plan should be undertaken at Ballyduff graveyard as it is in a very bad state of repair. There is so much work to be done that without a coherent plan interim or poorly funded 'first aid' type work may only exacerbate the situation.
- A proper entrance should be inserted into the boundary wall separating the old burial ground from the new and the current breach properly repaired with local sandstone rubble and lime mortar by masons experienced in historic walls and structures.
- Dumped rubbish and other modern builder's rubble as well as mounded bush cuttings should be removed from the old burial ground.
- A water tap, water container and waste collection facilities should be provided.
- The loose or lightly set architectural fragments should be collected, individually recorded and stored in the Kerry County Museum.
- A program of focussed archaeological conservation and repairs should be undertaken on the collapsed, partially collapsed, damaged, partially covered and grass covered named and unnamed tombs.
- The tombs should be repaired re-pointed, re-rendered and restored sensitive to their original construction. This work should be done under the supervision of an archaeologist qualified in this area or a conservation architect experienced in this field and may require Ministerial Consent.
- The exposed lintelled graves should be sensitively repaired with matching material and then covered with earth and re-sodded leaving the unhewn unnamed headstones in situ.
- New narrow pathways should be constructed as part of a wider plan for the old graveyard and should only be undertaken under archaeological advice and super-

vision and as an element of a wider comprehensive conservation plan.

- Repairs to the boundary walls should be undertaken by people with a proven track record in repairing dry stone walls.
- An information booklet on care and maintenance for tombs should be compiled and supplied to the relevant parish church.
- It is likely that local information would furnish the names associated with unnamed tombs. This information should be collected.
- An information board similar to one already existing at Killury graveyard, in Lissycurrig townland near Causeway, should be established at a suitable location at the graveyard, most likely beside the entrance gate on its interior.
- The Care and Conservation of Graveyards, a publication from The Office of Public Works (OPW) is recommended reading for future maintenance of the church and graveyard.
- An informative booklet on Ballyduff graveyard should be compiled by Kerry County Council and supplied to the relevant parish church. It should include helpful tips for parishioners on caring for the graveyard, and the individual plots, as well as giving advice about works which may professional services such as the cleaning of old headstones etc.

#### **Note on Recommendations**

All recommendations as set out above are recommendations only based on visual site fieldwork undertaken by the writer. No invasive or other intervention work was undertaken in the course of producing this report. Access into the surviving church tower was not possible as the entrance was boarded up. Ultimately, no responsibility will be accepted by the writer with regard to the undertaking of the conservation work as recommended in this report and based only on visual inspection. The ultimate decision on recommendations etc rests with Kerry County Council and the National Monuments Service of the Dept. of Environment Heritage and Local Government.

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## 16. Figures

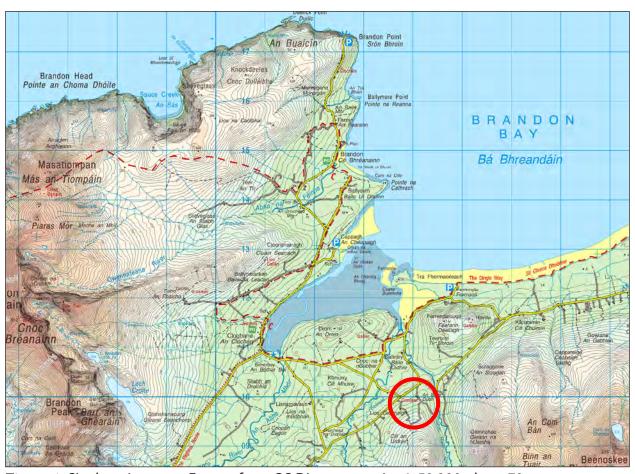


Figure 1: Site location map. Extract from OS Discovery series 1: 50,000, sheet 70.

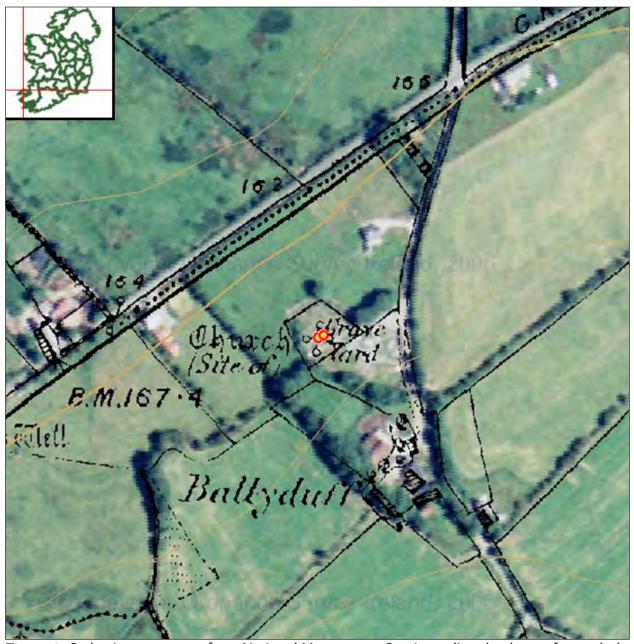


Figure 2: Ortho-image extract from National Monuments Service online database of recorded monuments.



Figure 3: Extract from OS 1st Edition 1841 map, sheet 036.

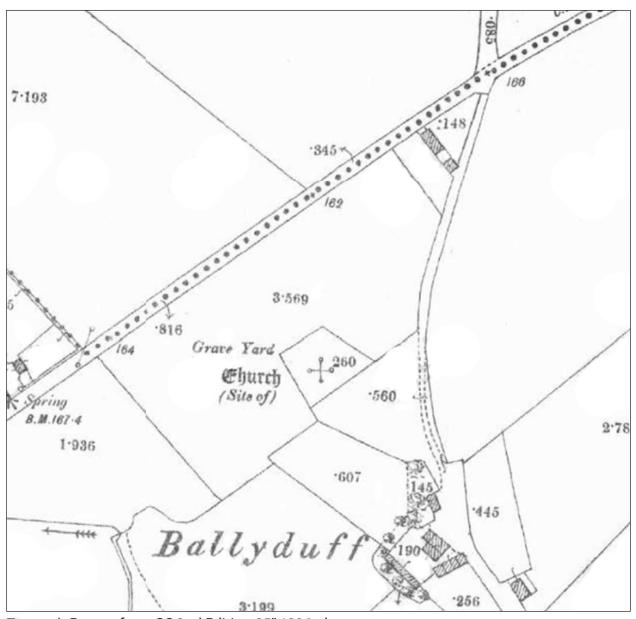


Figure 4: Extract from OS 2nd Edition 25" 1896, sheet.

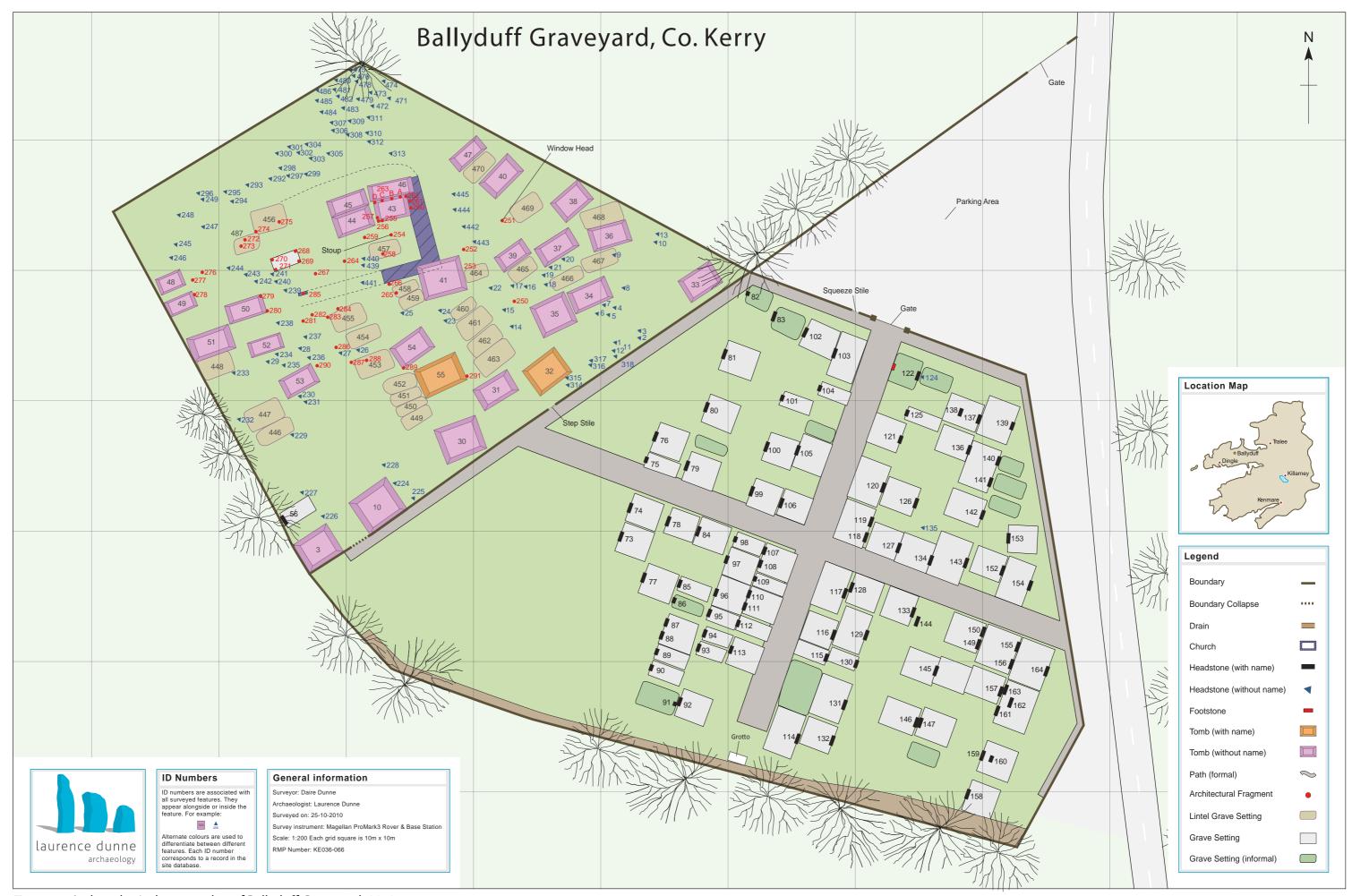


Figure 5: Archaeological survey plan of Ballyduff Graveyard, 2010.

## 17. Plates

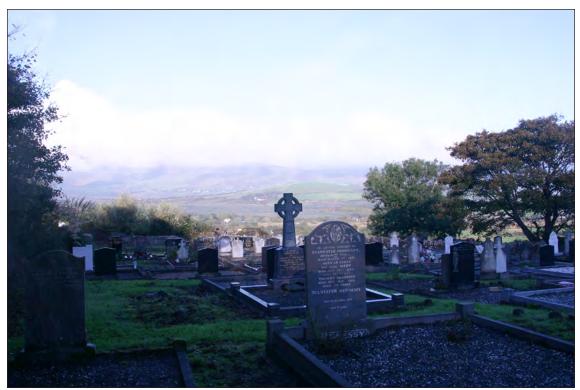


Plate 1: View of modern section of Ballyduff Graveyard from south. Note Mount Brandon in background



Plate 2: View from east of interior of north western limits of the old medieval burial ground of Ballyduff. Note Mount Brandon in background



Plate 3: View of eastern limits of the interior of the medieval burial ground at Ballyduff. The varying state of disrepair of the tombs and open lintelled graves



Plate 4: View of collapsed unnamed tomb 10 at Ballyduff Graveyard



Plate 5: View of the O'Connor tomb 32 at Ballyduff Grave yard



Plate 6: View of the partially collapsed Moynihan tomb 55 in Ballyduff Graveyard

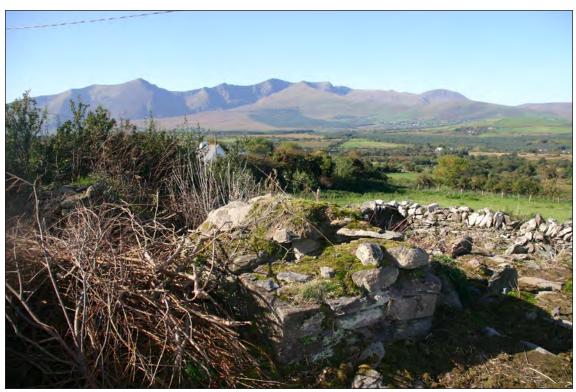


Plate 7: View from SE of unmanaged, overgrown area at NW area of Ballyduff Graveyard



Plate 8: View of the headstone in memory of Mary O'Connor-Rohan who died on the 22nd December 1874 aged 28. This is the only headstone (56) and modern formalised grave setting in the old section of Ballyduff Graveyard and also the oldest inscribed memorial in Ballyduff



**Plate 9:** View of the carparking area and approach to the entrance of Ballyduff Graveyard from N



Plate 10: Exterior view of entrance gates, squeeze-stile and walls of modern section of Ballyduff Graveyard



Plate 11: View of unused NW limits of modern section of Ballyduff Church



Plate 12: View from E of graveled pathway and rubble stone wall separating the modern section of Ballyduff Graveyard from the old medieval burial ground



Plate 13: View of step-stile midway along rubble stone wall enclosing old section of Ballyduff Graveyard



Plate 14: View of breach in W limits of rubble stone wall separating modern burial ground from old. The breach now forms an ad hoc entrance gap



Plate 15: View of E limits of rubble boundary wall at Ballyduff. Note soldier capping, some of which have been robbed out



Plate 16: View of vehicular graveled pathway immediately inside gates of modern section of Ballyduff Graveyard



Plate 17: Overview of memorial slab capping partially collapsed tomb 55 in memory of Thomas Moynihan. The 19th century date has disappeared



Plate 18: View of SE limits of partially collapsed Moynihan tomb, 55 at Ballyduff. Note reused architectural fragment (291) from medieval church



Plate 19: Interior view of open and broken tomb 45 at N limits of the old section of Ballyduff Graveyard



Plate 20: Interior view from W of Ballyduff Graveyard. Note collapsed tombs, open lintelled graves and architectural fragment



Plate 21: View of partially collapsed lintelled graves 466 & 467 at SE limits of old burial ground.



Plate 22: View of interior of old Ballyduff burial ground from S. Note the scattered collapsed remains including upright medieval architectural fragment 281 and horizontal fragment 282.



Plate 23: View from W of four architectural fragments (273-275) reused and marking lintelled grave 487 and 456 at NW limits of Ballyduff Church



Plate 24: View of easily movable architectural fragment 252 lying loose at E area of Ballyduff Graveyard



Plate 25: View of architectural fragment 290 at W limits of Ballyduff Graveyard lying loose beside tomb 53



Plate 26: View of N side of tomb 43 in Ballyduff Graveyard. Note reuse of four substantial architectural fragments, (263 a-d), possibly quoins



Plate 27: View of east gable of tomb 43. Note architectural fragments 260-263 at base



Plate 28: View of SW corner of tomb 43. Note three reused architectural fragments 255, 256 and 257



Plate 29: View of architectural fragment (251) comprising ogee head of 15th century window reused as gravemarker in Ballyduff Graveyard

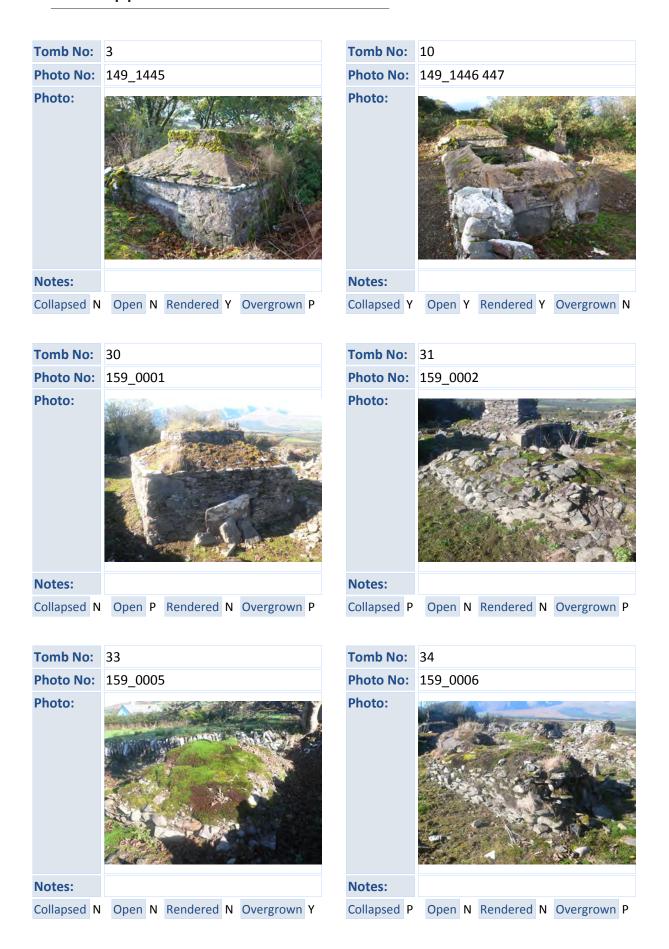


Plate 30: View of Holy Water stoup (254) reused as gravemarker within E limits of Ballyduff Church

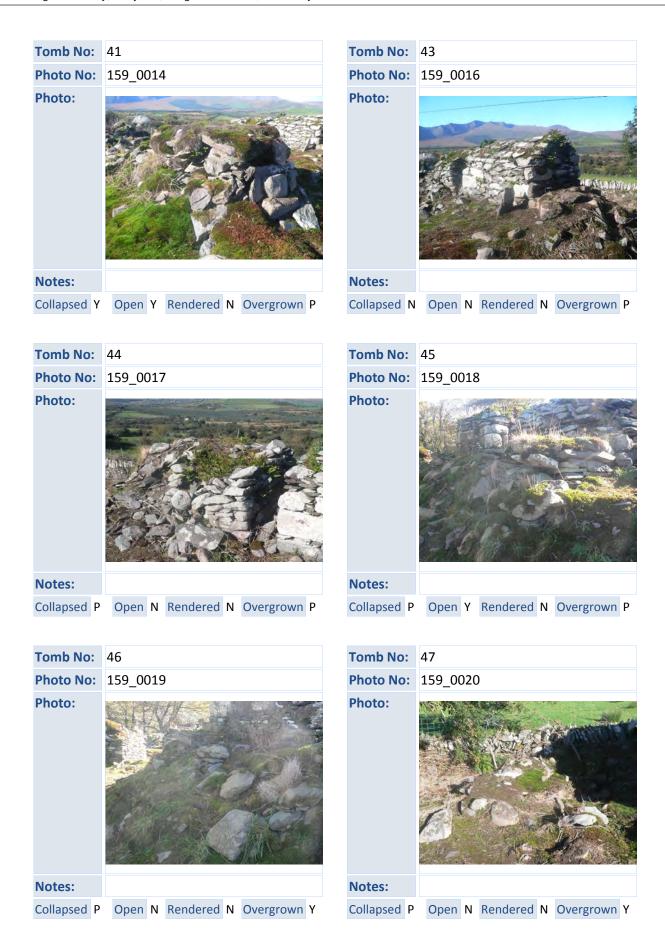
### 18. Appendix 1 Named Tombs

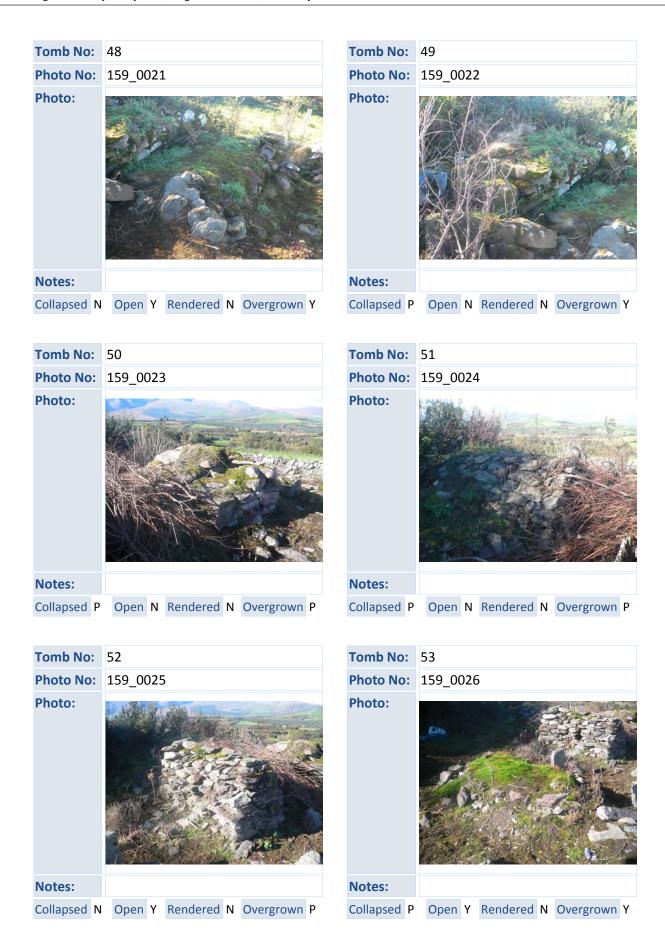


#### 19. Appendix 2 Unnamed Tombs











# 20. Appendix 3 Lintelled Graves

Grave No	Collapsed	Open	Overgrown
446	N	N	Р
447	N	Р	Р
448	N	Ν	Υ
449	N	N	Υ
450	N	N	Υ
451	N	N	Υ
452	Ν	N	Υ
453	N	N	Υ
454	N	Р	Υ
455	N	N	N
456	Υ	Υ	Р
457	N	Р	Υ
458	Υ	Υ	Р
459	Υ	Υ	Р
460	Р	Р	Υ
461	N	N	Υ
462	N	N	Υ
463	Υ	Υ	Р
464	N	Р	Р
465	Р	Р	N
466	Р	Р	N
467	Р	Р	N
468	Р	Υ	Р
469	N	N	Р
470	N	Ν	Р

## 21. Appendix 4 Named Headstones

Surname:	BRICK	Surname:	BRICK	Surname:	CLEARY
<b>Grave No:</b>	81	<b>Grave No:</b>	127	<b>Grave No:</b>	101
Photo No:	159_0043	Photo No:	159_0100	Photo No:	159_0062
Photo:		Photo:	The state of the s	Photo:	
Surname:	DALY	Surname:	DEADY	Surname:	DEADY
<b>Grave No:</b>	136	<b>Grave No:</b>	98	<b>Grave No:</b>	113
Photo No:	159_0108	Photo No:	159_0059	Photo No:	159_0088
Photo:	TOTAL	Photo:		Photo:	The state of the s
Surname:	FERRITER	Surname:	FERRITER	Surname:	FERRITER
<b>Grave No:</b>	139	<b>Grave No:</b>	140	<b>Grave No:</b>	141
Photo No:	159_0111	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0112	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0112
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Surname:	FITZGERALD	Surname:	FITZGERALD	Surname:	GALVIN
<b>Grave No:</b>	85	<b>Grave No:</b>	92	<b>Grave No:</b>	133
Photo No:	159_0047	Photo No:	159_0053	Photo No:	159_0106
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Surname:	GREANEY	Surname:	HARNETT	Surname:	HENNESSY
<b>Grave No:</b>	106	<b>Grave No:</b>	94	<b>Grave No:</b>	104
Photo No:	159_0082	Photo No:	159_0055	Photo No:	159_0080
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Surname:	HENNESSY	Surname:	HENNESSY	Surname:	HENNESSY
<b>Grave No:</b>	114	<b>Grave No:</b>	149	<b>Grave No:</b>	150
Photo No:	159_0089	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0120	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0121
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Surname:	HENNESSY	Surname:	HENNESSY	Surname:	HOARE
<b>Grave No:</b>	159	<b>Grave No:</b>	160	<b>Grave No:</b>	144
Photo No:	159_0130	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0131	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0115
Photo:	Name of the State of	Photo:		Photo:	
Surname:	HORGAN	Surname:	KENNEDY	Surname:	KENNEDY
<b>Grave No:</b>	125	<b>Grave No:</b>	96	<b>Grave No:</b>	100
Photo No:	159_0098	Photo No:	159_0057	Photo No:	159_0061
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Surname:	KENNEDY	Surname:	KNIGHTLY	Surname:	KNIGHTLY
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Photo No:		Photo No:		Photo No:	
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Surname:	MAHONY	Surname:	MAUNSELL	Surname:	MAUNSELL
<b>Grave No:</b>	116	<b>Grave No:</b>	89	<b>Grave No:</b>	121
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Surname:	MAUNSELL	Surname:	MCCARTHY	Surname:	MCKENNA
<b>Grave No:</b>	143	<b>Grave No:</b>	78	<b>Grave No:</b>	154
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Surname:	MOORE	Surname:	MORAN	Surname:	MORIARTY
<b>Grave No:</b>	126	<b>Grave No:</b>	83	<b>Grave No:</b>	99
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<b>Grave No:</b>	137	<b>Grave No:</b>	88	<b>Grave No:</b>	147
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Surname:	O'CONNOR	Surname:	O'CONNOR	Surname:	O'CONNOR
<b>Grave No:</b>	86	<b>Grave No:</b>	87	<b>Grave No:</b>	90
Photo No:	159_0048	Photo No:	159_0048	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0051
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Surname:	O'CONNOR	Surname:	O'CONNOR	Surname:	O'CONNOR
<b>Grave No:</b>	115	<b>Grave No:</b>	120	<b>Grave No:</b>	132
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Surname:	O'CONNOR	Surname:	O'CONNOR-ROHAN	Surname:	O'DONNELL
Grave No:	153	Grave No:	56	<b>Grave No:</b>	102
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Photo:		Photo:		Photo:	
Surname:	O'DONNELL	Surname:	O'DONNELL	Surname:	O'DONNELL
<b>Grave No:</b>	161	<b>Grave No:</b>	162	<b>Grave No:</b>	163
Photo No:	159_0132	Photo No:	159_0133	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0134
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<b>Grave No:</b>	82	<b>Grave No:</b>	138	<b>Grave No:</b>	145
Photo No:	159_0044	Photo No:	159_0110	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0116
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Surname:	O'FLAHERTY	Surname:	O'FLAHERTY	Surname:	O'FLAHERTY
<b>Grave No:</b>	75	<b>Grave No:</b>	76	<b>Grave No:</b>	84
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Surname:	O'FLAHERTY	Surname:	O'FLAHERTY	Surname:	O'FLAHERTY
	107	Grave No:		Grave No:	
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Photo:		Photo:		Photo:	
Surname:	O'FLAHERTY	Surname:	O'FLAHERTY	Surname:	O'MAHONY
<b>Grave No:</b>	157	<b>Grave No:</b>	164	<b>Grave No:</b>	131
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Surname:	O'MAHONY	Surname:	O'MAHONY	Surname:	O'REGAN
<b>Grave No:</b>	134	<b>Grave No:</b>	146	<b>Grave No:</b>	77
Photo No:	159_0107	Photo No:	159_0117	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0039
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<b>Grave No:</b>	74	<b>Grave No:</b>	91	<b>Grave No:</b>	129
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Surname:	ROHAN	Surname:	ROHAN	Surname:	ROHAN
<b>Grave No:</b>	73	<b>Grave No:</b>	79	<b>Grave No:</b>	95
<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0032	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0041	<b>Photo No:</b>	159_0056
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<b>Grave No:</b>	110	<b>Grave No:</b>	111	<b>Grave No:</b>	112
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<b>Grave No:</b>	103	<b>Grave No:</b>	122	<b>Grave No:</b>	128
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Surname:	SMITH	Surname:	SMITH	Surname:	SMITH
<b>Grave No:</b>	80	<b>Grave No:</b>	155	<b>Grave No:</b>	156
Photo No:	159_0042	Photo No:	159_0126	Photo No:	159_0127
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Surname:	SPILLANE	Surname:	SPILLANE	Surname:	WALSH
<b>Grave No:</b>	142	<b>Grave No:</b>	152	<b>Grave No:</b>	93
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Surname:	WALSH	Surname:	WALSH		
<b>Grave No:</b>	97	<b>Grave No:</b>	109		
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## 22. Appendix 5 Unnamed Headstones

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475 476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483	473
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#### 23. Appendix 6 Architectural Fragments

ID No:

250

Photo No: 149\_1448

**Photo:** 



Notes Rectangular punch dressed sandstone block, 0.28m x 0.23m x 0.16m, reused as gravemarker at SE limits of old burial ground.

ID No:

251

Photo No: 149\_1449

Photo:



Notes Punch dressed sandstone 15th century ogee head of window, 0.41m x 0.44m x 0.23m, reused as headstone of lintelled grave at NW of old burial ground.

ID No:

252

Photo No: 149\_1450

**Photo:** 



Notes L shaped punched dressed sandstone slab, 0.73m x 0.36m x 0.13m, lying loose on ground.

253

**Photo No:** 

149 1451

**Photo:** 



**Notes** Rectangular block of sandstone with linear dressing reused as blocking stone in front of tomb 41, dimensions 0.83m x 0.29m x 0.22m.

ID No:

254

Photo No: 149\_1452

**Photo:** 



Notes Sub-rectangular Holy Water stoup with outer corners rounded. Of coarse hewn sandstone situated at eastern limits of interior of church and reused as gravemarker. Dimensions: (Bowl) 0.28m x 0.215m x 0.08m depth; external 0.44m x 0.29m x 0.16m.

ID No:

255

Photo No: 149\_1453

**Photo:** 



Notes Rectangular sandstone punch dressed block with short edge chamfered, 0.68m x 0.29m x 0.15m, built into SW corner of 43.

256

**Photo No:** 

149 1453

Photo:



**Notes** Coursed immediately above 255 is another sandstone block. Dims: 0.39m x 0.30m x 0.17m.

ID No:

257

**Photo No:** 149\_1453

**Photo:** 



Notes Visible in side 255 and beneath 256 one surface of stone visible only with chamfer on one corner and rebate on the other. Dims: 0.245 m x c 0.023m.

ID No:

258

Photo No: 149\_1454

**Photo:** 



Notes Partially exposed in lintelled grave 457 is a punch dressed sandstone architectural fragment, 0.12m x 0.28m.

ID No: **Photo No:**  259

149 1456

Photo:



Notes Partially visible small architectural fragment, 0.17m x 0.25m in interior of Ballyduff Church.

ID No:

260

Photo No: 149\_1457

**Photo:** 



Notes Punch dressed sandstone block with chamfered edge, 4m x 0.3m x 0.22m, abutting NE corner of exposed basal remains of medieval church and beside tomb 43.

ID No:

261

Photo No: 149\_1457

**Photo:** 



Notes Rectangular punch dressed sandstone with broken chamfered edge lying beside AF 260 in front of gable of tomb 43. Dims: 0.52m x 0.26 x 0.11m.

ID No: 262 Photo No: **Photo:** 

149 1458



Notes Partially visible projecting from base of E gable of tomb 43 is a sandstone block chamfered on one corner and rebated on opposite. Dims: 0.66m x 0.32m x 0.20m.

ID No: Photo No: 149\_1459

263 A, B, C, D

**Photo:** 



Notes Group of four rectangular punch dressed sandstone blocks reused on N side of tomb 43. Specific dimensions not taken due to precarious collapsed nature of tomb 46 beside and below tomb 43.

ID No:

264

Photo No: 149\_1460

Photo:



Notes Upright rectangular punch dressed sandstone block, 0.45m x 0.21m x 0.13m, reused as gravemarker.

265

**Photo No:** Photo:

149 1461



**Notes** Rectangular sandstone architectural fragment, 0.58m x 0.18m lying on lintelled grave 458.

ID No:

266

**Photo No:** 149\_1461

**Photo:** 



Notes Partially concealed architectural fragment in lintelled grave.

ID No:

267

Photo No: 149\_1462

**Photo:** 



**Notes** Upright square punch dressed architectural fragment reused as gravemarker at W limits of Ballyduff Church, 0.25m x 0.22m x 0.23m.

ID No: **Photo No:** Photo:

268 - 271

149 1463



**Notes** Four rectangular blocks top surface only visible as reused sides of possible lintelled grave at W limits of ruined church.

ID No:

272

Photo No: 149\_1464

**Photo:** 



Notes Horizontal punch dressed sandstone reused as side of lintelled grave. Dims: 0.64m x 0.23m x 0.11m (exposed).

ID No: 273 Photo No: 149\_1464 Photo:



**Notes** Rectangular punch dressed upright sandstone block used as headstone of possible lintelled grave. Dims: 0.71m x 0.25 x 0.17m

274

**Photo No:** 

149 1465

**Photo:** 



**Notes** Rebated and chamfered dressed sandstone reused as part of corner of lintelled grave. Dims: 0.63m x max 0.35m x 0.22m.

ID No:

275

**Photo No:** 149\_1466

**Photo:** 



**Notes** Partially exposed in a lintelled grave is square sandstone block with punch dressing. Dims: 0.36m x 0.33m x 0.21m.

ID No:

277

Photo No: 149\_1468

**Photo:** 



Notes Partially accessible beside tomb 48, architectural sandstone fragment 0.45m x 0.24m

278

Photo No: 149 1469

Photo:



Notes Partially accessible beside tomb 49, architectural sandstone fragment, 0.45m x 0.37m x 0.18

ID No:

279

**Photo No:** 149\_1470

**Photo:** 



Notes Reused rectangular punch dressed architectural fragment, 0.48m x 0.24m, at NW corner of tomb 50.

ID No:

280

Photo No: 149\_1471

**Photo:** 



**Notes** Reused squared and punch dressed architectural fragment, 0.46m x 0.22m x 0.19m, at SW corner of tomb 50.

281

**Photo No:** 

149 1472

**Photo:** 



Notes Partially exposed corner end of rectangular punch dressed sandstone block. Exposed dims: L. 0.24m x W. 0.18m x H. 0.20m.

ID No:

282

Photo No: 149\_1473

**Photo:** 



Notes Broken rectangular punch dressed sandstone block lying loose on the ground 2m W of AF 282. Dims: 0.56m x 0.32m x 0.15m (exposed).

ID No:

283

Photo No: 149\_1474

**Photo:** 



Notes Upright large punch dressed sandstone block with chamfered edge down one side. Stone is set as headstone for lintelled grave. Dims: 0.72m (exposed max ht.) x 0.30m x 0.28m.

284

Photo No:

149 1474

**Photo:** 



Notes Horizontal rectangular punch dressed sandstone block with single chamfer on one short edge. Stone lies beside AF281. Dims: 0.61m x 0.23m x 0.25m.

ID No:

285

Photo No: 149\_1475

**Photo:** 



Notes Large conglomerate punch dressed in situ block of W limits of S interior wall of medieval church. Dims: 0.73m x. 0.37m x max 0.22m.

ID No:

286

Photo No: 149\_1476

Photo:



Notes Upright rectangular sandstone slab, 0.60m x 0.30m x 0.20m, reused as headstone of lintelled grave.

287

**Photo No:** 

149 1477

Photo:



**Notes** Upright punch dressed sandstone rectangular block, 0.42m x 0.23m x 0.19m, with partial chamfer on NW angle at base.

ID No:

288

Photo No: 149\_1477

**Photo:** 



Notes Partially exposed punch dressed sandstone lying beside AF287. Dims: 0.30m x 0.23m x 0.12m (exposed).

ID No:

289

Photo No: 149\_1478

**Photo:** 



Notes Long rectangular punch dressed sandstone block, 0.82m x 0.27m x c 0.31m, reused in SW corner of unnamed tomb 54.

ID No: **Photo No:** 

Photo:

290

149 1479



**Notes** Rectangular punch dressed sandstone fragment 0.44m x 0.16m lying in front of tomb 53.

ID No:

291

**Photo No:** 149\_1480

**Photo:** 



**Notes** Long rectangular punch dressed sandstone block, 0.72 x 0.33m x 0.21m, reused in SE corner of Moynihan tomb 55.